Event: Thunder Over Louisville

Your score is: 69 Early Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information	
County:	Clark, IN
Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information	
Type of Event:	Planned event
Event Name:	Thunder Over Louisville
Event Date:	Sat, 2011-04-16
Event Address:	Riverside area of Jeffersonville
Event Address Line 2:	
List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:	
Federal	3
State	4
Local	4
Non-governmental	No

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: Fed-FBI, ATFE, Secret Service State-ISP,IPSC,IDHS, INDNR Local-Clark County Sheriff's Office, Jeffersonville City Police and Fire, Clarksville Police and Fire, Clark County EMS

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:
Begins the Kentucky Derby Festivial. Vendors, Large Air Show and the second largest fireworks display in the country.
Attended by nearly a million people with approx 250,000 + on the Indiana Shoreline

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Proprietary Shared System Cellular

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes
Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria	
Common Policies & Procedures	
<u>SEC 1.1</u> Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?	In most cases
SEC 1.2 Were they written?	In most cases
Success Factors & Challenges	

SEC 2.1 Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout Most of the time the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency In most cases communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches? SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only] Most were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies Most were consistent with NIMS? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety No before property protection)? SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed? N/A Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures Yes used during the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in N/A the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges

Recommendations (Optional): Most of the time SEC 6.1 Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to No a lack of common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency No personnel during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): <u>SEC 7.1</u> Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership? Some of the time SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency Most of the time personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications Most of the time channels? SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability Some of the time channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional):

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

SEC 9.1 Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	No
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 10.1</u> Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
<u>SEC 10.2</u> Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In no cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	No
SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	Most were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	All were
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	All were
<u>SEC 11.6</u> Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only]	Yes

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Quality & Continuity

SEC 12.1 Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial No communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational Yes leadership in case of failure of the primary mode? SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? Nο [Information only] SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 14.1 Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to Most of the time manage resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Levels of Demonstration

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

Based on the range of scores possible in using the evaluation criteria presented here, the following levels of demonstration in providing and supporting response-level emergency communications are offered below.

While individual scores, themselves, provide more information, these levels of demonstration may be useful for representing a baseline, current status, or trend more generally to executive audiences or others less familiar with the complexities of communications interoperability. Four levels limit the degree of granularity possible, so recognize that the difference between, say, a score of 83 and 85 is marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:69
Early Demonstration

Event: Lawrenceburg Fall Festival

Your score is: 87 Advanced Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information	
County:	Dearborn, IN
Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information	
Type of Event:	Planned event
Event Name:	Lawrenceburg Fall Festival
Event Date:	Thu, 2011-09-22
Event Address:	Lawrencburg, Indiana
Event Address Line 2:	
List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:	
Federal	0
State	1
Local	6
Non-governmental	0

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Dearborn County Sheriff, Lawrenceburg PD, Greendale PD, Hidden Valley, Lawrenceburg Fire Department and LEMS

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise: Annual festival with rides, food and entertainment

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Swap Radios Shared Channels Proprietary Shared System Cellular Mobile Data

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes

Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Common Policies & Procedures

<u>SEC 1.1</u> Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?

In all needed cases

SEC 1.2 Were they written?

In most cases

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency In most cases communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches? SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only] Most were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies Most were consistent with NIMS? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life Yes safety before property protection)? Most of the time SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures Yes used during the incident, planned event, or exercise?

SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early

in the incident, planned event, or exercise?

SEC 2.1 Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed

Most of the time

N/A

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): **SEC 6.1** Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Most of the time SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership No due to a lack of common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency No personnel during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational All of the time leadership? SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level All of the time emergency personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): <u>SEC 8.1</u> Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications All of the time channels? SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability Most of the time channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional):

Success Factors & Challenges

Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

<u>SEC 9.1</u> Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	Yes
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
<u>SEC 10.2</u> Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In some cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
<u>SEC 11.2</u> Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	Most were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	EMA Director
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	All were
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	All were
<u>SEC 11.6</u> Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary	Yes

Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
Quality & Continuity	
<u>SEC 12.1</u> Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership?	No
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational leadership in case of failure of the primary mode?	Yes
SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? [Information only]	No
SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided?	
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 14.1</u> Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Most of the time
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	

Levels of Demonstration

operational leadership? [Information only]

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated

jurisdictions.

Based on the range of scores possible in using the evaluation criteria presented here, the following levels of demonstration in providing and supporting response-level emergency communications are offered below.

While individual scores, themselves, provide more information, these levels of demonstration may be useful for representing a baseline, current status, or trend more generally to executive audiences or others less familiar with the complexities of communications interoperability. Four levels limit the degree of granularity possible, so recognize that the difference between, say, a score of 83 and 85 is marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:87
Advanced Demonstration

Event: Harvest Homecoming

Your score is: 46 Did Not Demonstrate

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information County: Floyd, IN Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information Type of Event: Planned event Harvest **Event Name:** Homecoming Thu, 2011-10-20 Event Date: Downtown Event Address: **New Albany** Event Address Line 2: List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: Federal No State 5 Local 6 Non-governmental

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:

New Albany Police / Fire, Floyd County Sheriffs Dept. City of New Albany, State Fire Marshals Office, State Building inspector, ISP.

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Annual Fall Festival that takes place downtown New Albany. Booths, carnival rides and carnival type events.

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Shared Channels Cellular Mobile Data

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	No
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	No

Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Common Policies & Procedures

<u>SEC 1.1</u> Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?

In some cases

SEC 1.2 Were they written?

N/A (none exist)

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 2.1 Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout the incident, Most of the planned event, or exercise? time SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency communications resources, such as In some cases mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches? SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only] Some were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies consistent with Some were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety before property No protection)? SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed? N/A Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures used during the No incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in the incident, Yes planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges

Recommendations (Optional): Some of the SEC 6.1 Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to a lack of No common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency personnel during the No incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): Most of the SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership? time SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency personnel Most of the throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? time Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): Most of the SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications channels? time SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG) used for All of the time Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

SEC 9.1 Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period? Yes Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time? Yes SEC 10.2 Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates In some cases at any time? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise? No SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Some were Command), the COML, or another designee? **New Albany** SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities? **Police** Dispatch SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered? Some were SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures? None were SEC 11.6 Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, No or exercise? SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only] Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Quality & Continuity

SEC 12.1 Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial communications No attempts amongst the primary operational leadership? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational leadership in case No of failure of the primary mode? SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? [Information only] No SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 14.1 Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage resources Some of the during the incident, planned event, or exercise? time Success Factors & Challenges

Levels of Demonstration

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

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marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:46
Did Not Demonstrate

Event: Tornado Strikes Franklin County - Two Touchdowns

Your score is: 74 Established Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information	
County:	Franklin, IN
Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information	
Type of Event:	Exercise
Event Name:	Tornado Strikes Franklin County - Two Touchdowns
Event Date:	Fri, 2010-11-19
Event Address:	Brookville Firehouse
Event Address Line 2:	900 Mill Street, Brookville, IN 47012
List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:	
Federal	0
State	2
Local	19
Non-governmental	2

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:
Indiana Dept. of Homeland Security, Indiana Dept. of Health, Franklin County EMA, Franklin County Sheriff, Franklin County
Commissioners, Franklin County Highway, Franklin County Coroner, Franklin County Auditor, Franklin County Health Dept.,
Blooming Grove FD, Brookville VFD, Drewersburg VFD, Laurel VFD, Metamora VFD, Oldenburg VFD, Drewersburg EMS 1,
Brookville EMS 2, Laurel EMS 3, Cedar Gove EMS 4, Rescue 24, Brookville PD, Franklin County Red Cross, Rush/Shelby REMC

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

An F4 tornado strikes the northwest corner of Franklin County destroying mcuh of Laurel along with their firehouse. Continues southeast striking Brookville with severe damage. Damage in Brokville include the generator at the Security Center Housing Dispatch. Total loss of power. Severe damage to county infrastructure. Response by emergency responders tested. Mutual aid tested.

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Shared Channels

Challenges (Optional):

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes
Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria	
Common Policies & Procedures	
SEC 1.1 Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?	In some cases
SEC 1.2 Were they written?	In some cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional):	

Neconinendations (Optional).	
<u>SEC 2.1</u> Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Most of the time
<u>SEC 2.2</u> Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches?	In some cases
SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only]	Some were
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 3.1</u> Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies consistent with NIMS?	Most were
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 4.1</u> Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety before property protection)?	Yes
SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed?	Most of the time
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 5.1</u> Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures used during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
<u>SEC 5.2</u> If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	N/A

Recommendations (Optional):

Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): **SEC 6.1** Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Most of the time SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to No a lack of common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency No personnel during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership? Most of the time SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency Most of the time personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications Most of the time channels? SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide Most of the time (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

<u>SEC 9.1</u> Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	No
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
<u>SEC 10.2</u> Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In no cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	Most were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	N/A
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	Some were
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	Some were
SEC 11.6 Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
<u>SEC 11.7</u> Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only]	Yes

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Quality & Continuity

SEC 12.1 Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership?	No
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational leadership in case of failure of the primary mode?	Yes
SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? [Information only]	Yes
SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided?	3
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 14.1 Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Most of the time
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	

Levels of Demonstration

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

Based on the range of scores possible in using the evaluation criteria presented here, the following levels of demonstration in providing and supporting response-level emergency communications are offered below.

While individual scores, themselves, provide more information, these levels of demonstration may be useful for representing a baseline, current status, or trend more generally to executive audiences or others less familiar with the complexities of communications interoperability. Four levels limit the degree of granularity possible, so recognize that the difference between, say, a score of 83 and 85 is marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:74 Established Demonstration

Event: Special Event

Your score is: 77 Established Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information County: Harrison, IN Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information Type of Event: Planned event **Special Event Event Name:** Event Date: Thu, 2011-09-08 Lanesville Indiana Event Address: Event Address Line 2: List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: Federal No State No Local 6 Non-governmental

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

Harrison, IN

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: EMA, Lanesville VFD, Lanesville PD, Sheriff Dept., EMA / E911, EMS

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Annual special event with about 80k people over the weekend

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Swap Radios Gateways Shared Channels Broadband Cellular Other

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the noident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes

Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Common Policies & Procedures

SEC 1.1 Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?

In most cases

SEC 1.2 Were they written?

In all needed cases

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 2.1 Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout Most of the time the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency In most cases communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches? SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only] Most were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies Most were consistent with NIMS? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety Yes before property protection)? SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed? Most of the time Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures used Yes during the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in the N/A incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges

Recommendations (Optional): Most of the time SEC 6.1 Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to a No lack of common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency personnel No during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership? Most of the time SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency Most of the time personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications All of the time SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide Some of the time (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional):

SEC 9.1 Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	No
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
<u>SEC 10.2</u> Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In no cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	No
SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	All were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	assigned by unit leader
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	All were
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	All were
SEC 11.6 Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only]	Yes

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Quality & Continuity

SEC 12.1 Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial No communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational Yes leadership in case of failure of the primary mode? SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? No [Information only] SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 14.1 Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage Some of the time resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Levels of Demonstration

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

Based on the range of scores possible in using the evaluation criteria presented here, the following levels of demonstration in providing and supporting response-level emergency communications are offered below.

While individual scores, themselves, provide more information, these levels of demonstration may be useful for representing a baseline, current status, or trend more generally to executive audiences or others less familiar with the complexities of communications interoperability. Four levels limit the degree of granularity possible, so recognize that the difference between, say, a score of 83 and 85 is marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:77
Established Demonstration

Event: LEPC Exercise

Your score is: 76 Established Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information County: Jefferson, IN Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information Type of Event: Exercise **Event Name: LEPC Exercise** Event Date: Sat, 2011-10-08 Event Address: **Hanover College** 484 Ball Drive, Hanover, Event Address Line 2: Indiana List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: Federal No State 2 Local 8 Non-governmental 4

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

Jennings, IN

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Hanover College Security Hanover Police Hanover Fire Department Madison Township HazMat Team Jefferson County Sheriff KDH EMS KDH Hospital Madison State Hospital Jefferson County Coroner Indiana State Police Red Cross Salvation Army Jefferson County ERT Jefferson County Health Department Air Methods Helicopter Jefferson County 911 Dispatch

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Kent water employee calls campus security about break-in at water treatment building. Call to campus security, smoke coming from Frat house. House dad who is hurt comes out of frat house tells officers unknown men had entered house and started fires on second floor landings, blocking escape. When security attempts to enter house smells odor like chlorine gas and has to leave. Security gets calls about gun fire at Science Center. Wounded Student at science center reports armed men enter science center grabbing hostages.

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Shared Channels Cellular

Success Factors (Optional):

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the ncident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes
Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria	
Common Policies & Procedures	
SEC 1.1 Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved urisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?	In most cases
SEC 1.2 Were they written?	In some cases
Success Factors & Challenges	

Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 2.1</u> Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Most of the time
SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches?	In some cases
SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only]	Most were
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 3.1</u> Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies consistent with NIMS?	Most were
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 4.1</u> Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety before property protection)?	Yes
SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed?	Most of the time
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 5.1</u> Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures used during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
<u>SEC 5.2</u> If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	N/A

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): **SEC 6.1** Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Most of the time SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to a No lack of common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency personnel No during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership? All of the time SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency All of the time personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications Most of the time channels? SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide Most of the time (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

Success Factors & Challenges

<u>SEC 9.1</u> Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	Yes
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
SEC 10.2 Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In some cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	No
SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	Some were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	Incident Command
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	Most were
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	Most were
SEC 11.6 Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
<u>SEC 11.7</u> Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only]	Yes

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Quality & Continuity

SEC 12.1 Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial No communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational Yes leadership in case of failure of the primary mode? SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? No [Information only] SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 14.1 Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage All of the time resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Levels of Demonstration

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

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Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:76 Established Demonstration

Event: Ivan wind storm

Your score is: 91 Advanced Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information	
County:	Jennings, IN
Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information	
Type of Event:	Real-world incident
Event Name:	Ivan wind storm
Event Date:	Sun, 2008-09-14
Event Address:	City of North Vernon, Jennings Co.
Event Address Line 2:	
List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:	
Federal	No
State	2
Local	4
Non-governmental	No

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: Indiana Department of Homeland Security, IDEM

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Winds that were generated from Hurrican Ivan did significant damage throughout the county in downed trees, power lines, power outages, structural damage

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Shared Channels Cellular

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes

Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Common Policies & Procedures

<u>SEC 1.1</u> Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?

In most cases

SEC 1.2 Were they written?

In most cases

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 2.1 Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed All of the time throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency In all needed cases communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches? SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only] All were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies All were consistent with NIMS? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life Yes safety before property protection)? All of the time SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures Yes used during the incident, planned event, or exercise? SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in

the incident, planned event, or exercise?

N/A

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): **SEC 6.1** Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? All of the time SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due No to a lack of common terminology? SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency No personnel during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational All of the time leadership? SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency All of the time personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Óptional): <u>SEC 8.1</u> Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications All of the time channels? SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability All of the time channels? Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Success Factors & Challenges

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

<u>SEC 9.1</u> Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	Yes
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
SEC 10.2 Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In no cases
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	No
SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	All were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	All were
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	All were
<u>SEC 11.6</u> Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary	Yes

Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
Quality & Continuity	
<u>SEC 12.1</u> Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership?	No
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 13.1</u> Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational leadership in case of failure of the primary mode?	Yes
SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? [Information only]	No
SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided?	
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
<u>SEC 14.1</u> Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	All of the time
Success Factors & Challenges	
Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	

Levels of Demonstration

operational leadership? [Information only]

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated

jurisdictions.

Based on the range of scores possible in using the evaluation criteria presented here, the following levels of demonstration in providing and supporting response-level emergency communications are offered below.

While individual scores, themselves, provide more information, these levels of demonstration may be useful for representing a baseline, current status, or trend more generally to executive audiences or others less familiar with the complexities of communications interoperability. Four levels limit the degree of granularity possible, so recognize that the difference between, say, a score of 83 and 85 is marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:91
Advanced Demonstration

Event: ammonia farm trailer

Your score is: 65 Early Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Preparer Information

County:	Ohio, IN	
Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information		
Type of Event:		Exercise
Event Name:		ammonia farm trailer
Event Date:		Sun, 2011-09-18
Event Address:		woods ridge
Event Address Line 2:		Dillsboro, IN
List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:		
Federal		No
State		No
Local		6
Non-governmental		0
Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?		

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Rising Sun Vol. Fire Dept., Ohio County Rescue, Ohio County EMA, Ohio County 911, Bear Branch Fire Dept., Ohio County Sheriff.

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

School bus into an ammonia trailer being pulled by a tractor. Bus hit a 3" valve and created a gas cloud. 10 students on bus overcome, fire dept. doing a scrub of area, deputies holding traffic.

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Shared Channels

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?

Yes

Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?

Yes

Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?

Yes

Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Common Policies & Procedures

SEC 1.1 Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?

In some cases

SEC 1.2 Were they written?

In some cases

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional):

using both vhf for fire ground and 800 for IC made it where communications were a non issue back to dispatch Challenges (Optional):

making sure to get people on the correct channels, and using plain english

 $Recommendations\ (Optional):$

<u>SEC 2.1</u> Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise?

N/A (none exist)

SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches?

In most cases

SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only]

Most were

Success Factors & Challenges

Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies consistent with NIMS?	All were
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety before property protection)?	Yes
SEC 4.2 Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed?	Some of the time
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures used during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	No
SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 6.1 Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise?	All of the time
SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to a lack of common terminology?	No
SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency personnel during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology?	No
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 7.1 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership?	All of the time
<u>SEC 7.2</u> Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise?	All of the time
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications channels?	All of the time
SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability channels?	All of the time

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Responder Roles & Responsibilities

SEC 9.1 Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period? Yes

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?

No

<u>SEC 10.2</u> Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?

In no cases

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?

No

SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?

None were

SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?

SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?

N/A

SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?

N/A

SEC 11.6 Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?

N/A

SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only]

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Quality & Continuity

<u>SEC 12.1</u> Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership?

No

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational leadership in case of failure of the primary mode?

Yes

SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided?

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 14.1 Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise?

All of the time

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Levels of Demonstration

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

Based on the range of scores possible in using the evaluation criteria presented here, the following levels of demonstration in providing and supporting response-level emergency communications are offered below.

While individual scores, themselves, provide more information, these levels of demonstration may be useful for representing a baseline, current status, or trend more generally to executive audiences or others less familiar with the complexities of communications interoperability. Four levels limit the degree of granularity possible, so recognize that the difference between, say, a score of 83 and 85 is marginal even if here it represents crossing the threshold between "Established" and "Advanced" demonstration. The quartile division between levels results largely from many criteria having four possible responses.

Advanced Demonstration (85-100)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies and effectively address a significant incident were it to occur. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated strong communications planning using established policies and procedures.
- Communications systems were effectively utilized and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without communications impediments.

Established Demonstration (70-84)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications during routine incidents, planned events, or exercises involving multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. Indicators may include:

- Jurisdictions demonstrated some communications planning using policies and procedures, whether documented or ad hoc.
- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

Response indicative of county's capability to consistently provide response-level communications for incidents, planned events, or exercises but communications and coordination were largely ad hoc, with few documented plans or procedures. Other indicators may include:

- Communications systems faced technical difficulties and little consideration was given to reliable backup methods.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make decisions despite communications impediments.

Did Not Demonstrate (0-59)

The jurisdictions involved did not demonstrate response-level emergency communications during the incident, planned event, or exercise

observed due to communications impediments arising from a lack of planning, established policies and procedures, technical solutions, or a combination thereof.

NECP Goals: Successful Demonstration

A successful demonstration requires a "Yes" response to each primary evaluation criterion and a score greater than 59 on the secondary evaluation criteria. Answers consistently indicating that criteria elements were met "Most of the time" during the evaluated incident, planned event, or exercise will result in a score over 59. This is considered the threshold for successful demonstration of response-level emergency communications for NECP Goal 2. In other words, incidents, planned events, or exercises evaluated as showing "Established," "Advanced," or "Early" demonstration are considered to be successful demonstrations.

Your Score:65 Early Demonstration

Event: HAZMAT spill at the intersetion of State Route 129 and State Route 350.

Your score is: 60

Early Demonstration

Part 1: Background Information

Part 1: Background Information Preparer Information County: Ripley, IN **Incident, Planned Event, or Exercise Information** Type of Event: Real-world incident Event Name: HAZMAT spill at the intersetion of State Route 129 and State Route 350. Event Date: Thu, 2011-10-20 Event Address: State Route 129 Event Address Line 2: **State Route 350** List total number of agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise: Federal No State 3 Local

1

Which other counties, if any, had significant participation in the event?

Non-governmental

List all Federal, State, local, or tribal agencies involved in the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Local: Delaware Vol. Fire Dept Osgood Police Dept Ripley County Sheriffs Ripley County EMA State: ISP DNR State Hwy Dept NGO: Davis Towing

Briefly describe the incident, planned event, or exercise:

Tractor trailer truck lost control whole heading north on State Route 129. The truck jacknifed at the intersetion of 129 and State Route 350. The accident caused a tear in the drivers side gas tank resulting in the release of 50-75 gallons at a rate of 2 gallons a minute. The Ripley County 9-11 Center activated EMA by cell phone all other agecies were dispatched by radio. EMA contacted IDEM by cell phone and notified the state EOC by internet (WebEOC)

Indicate all communications technologies used in the incident, planned event, or exercise covered by this evaluation:

Standards-Based Shared System Broadband Cellular Mobile Data

Part 2: Incident Selection Guidance

Did the response involve multiple agencies and emergency response disciplines within one hour of the incident, planned event, or exercise?	Yes
Was the incident, planned event, or exercise managed under a National Incident Management System (NIMS)-compliant Incident Command System (ICS)?	Yes
Does sufficient documentation exist to provide for independent validation and verification of the adequacy of response-level emergency communications?	Yes

Part 3: Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Common Policies & Procedures

<u>SEC 1.1</u> Did policies and procedures exist for interagency communications between the involved jurisdictions, agencies, and disciplines?

In s

In some cases

SEC 1.2 Were they written?

In some cases

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): It was routine

Challenges (Optional):

Documenting procedures and transferring routine into SOP. I have only been the EMA Director since mid June. Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 2.1 Were established interagency communications policies and procedures followed throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise?

Most of the time

SEC 2.2 Did established policies and procedures exist between responding agencies for request, activation, accountability, deactivation, and problem resolution of deployable interagency

In most cases

communications resources, such as mobile communications centers, gateways, and radio caches?

SEC 2.3 If so, were they followed? [Information Only] N/A (none needed) Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 3.1 Were interagency communications policies and procedures across responding agencies consistent with NIMS? Some were Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 4.1 Does a priority order exist for use of interagency communications resources (e.g., life safety before property protection)? Yes **SEC 4.2** Was this prioritization of communications resource use followed? All of the time Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): SEC 5.1 Was a primary interagency communications talk path clearly established by procedures used during the incident, planned event, or exercise? Yes SEC 5.2 If not, was such a talk path established ad hoc and communicated to responders early in the incident, planned event, or exercise? N/A Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): **SEC 6.1** Was plain language used throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Most of the time SEC 6.2 Did any communications problems arise amongst the primary operational leadership due to a lack of common terminology? No SEC 6.3 Did any communications problems arise amongst other response-level emergency personnel during the incident, planned event, or exercise due to a lack of common terminology? No Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional): **SEC 7.1** Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst the primary operational leadership? Most of the time SEC 7.2 Were clear unit identification procedures used amongst other response-level emergency personnel throughout the incident, planned event, or exercise? Most of the time Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional):

Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 8.1 Were common names used by all responding agencies for interagency communications channels?	Most of the time
SEC 8.2 Were standard names as identified in the National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG) used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-designated interoperability channels?	N/A (no such channels used)
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
Responder Roles & Responsibilities	
SEC 9.1 Did a single individual carry out the Operations Section Chief responsibilities in each operational period?	No
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	
SEC 10.1 Did the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	No
SEC 10.2 Did first-level subordinates to the Operations Section Chief directly manage more than seven subordinates at any time?	In some cases
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Basically once EMA is dispatched for an event the Fire Department asks for advise on containment a VFD and EMA remain on scene till the trucking company understands it repsonsibility and the clean remains if the vehicle is still blocking traffic. This is done routinely and unfortunately there is no wri Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	up starts. They in turn leave and LEO
SEC 11.1 Was the ICS COML position specifically filled during the incident, planned event, or exercise?	No
SEC 11.2 Were COML roles and responsibilities carried out, either by the Incident Commander (or Unified Command), the COML, or another designee?	None were
SEC 11.3 Who by position or function carried out the responsibilities?	
SEC 11.4 Were necessary communications resources effectively ordered?	N/A
SEC 11.5 Were they ordered using documented procedures?	N/A
SEC 11.6 Was a communications plan established by procedure or developed early in the incident, planned event, or exercise?	N/A
SEC 11.7 Did the communications plan meet the communications needs of the primary operational leadership? [Information only]	
Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):	

Quality & Continuity

SEC 12.1 Were more than one out of every 10 transmissions repeated due to failure of initial communications attempts amongst the primary operational leadership?

No

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

SEC 13.1 Was a back-up resource available for communications amongst the primary operational leadership in case of failure of the primary mode?

Yes

SEC 13.2 Did the primary mode fail during the incident, planned event, or exercise at any time? [Information only]

No

SEC 13.3 If so, was a back-up effectively provided?

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional):

EMA deployed the ICV to the incident in the in the event that it became more complex. Once on scene it was not as severe as expected. The ICV would have managed all incident traffic in the event that it became more complex.

Challenges (Optional):

Recommendations (Optional):

<u>SEC 14.1</u> Overall, was the primary operational leadership able to communicate adequately to manage resources during the incident, planned event, or exercise?

All of the time

Success Factors & Challenges Success Factors (Optional): Challenges (Optional): Recommendations (Optional):

Levels of Demonstration

The NECP establishes response-level emergency communications as the key performance indicator for communications interoperability. Stakeholders involved in its development stressed that the key outcome of improved governance structures, common operational protocols, technology standards, and all other NECP objectives was improved emergency response. Consequently, a summary score based on these criteria can be considered to represent broadly the state of communications interoperability across the evaluated jurisdictions.

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- Communications systems were utilized with few difficulties and backup solutions were available if needed.
- Operational leadership was able to manage resources and make timely decisions without significant communications impediments.

Early Demonstration (60-69)

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Your Score:60 Early Demonstration