



Duke Energy Indiana Presentation to Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission Jim Stanley, President, Duke Energy Indiana May 21, 2010



OVERVIEW OF PRESENTATION

- Operational challenges / accomplishments since summer 2009
- Summer 2010 capacity and energy needs
- Steps taken to prepare for summer 2010
- Ongoing initiatives
- Challenges for summer 2010 and beyond



OPERATIONAL CHALLENGES / ACCOMPLISHMENTS SINCE SUMMER 2009

- Challenges
 - Economic recession / mild weather
 - Reduced generation
 - Increased coal inventories
 - New Source Review (NSR) lawsuit operational impacts
- Accomplishments
 - Dresser transformer will be in-service by June 1
 - Continuous runs on units
 - Demonstration of unit capability to Midwest ISO

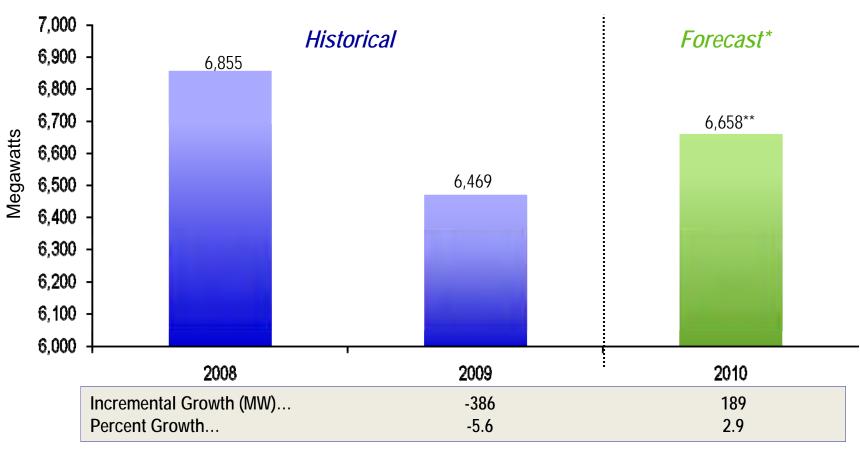


Installation of Dresser 450 MVA 345/138 kV Transformer



PEAK DEMAND FORECAST

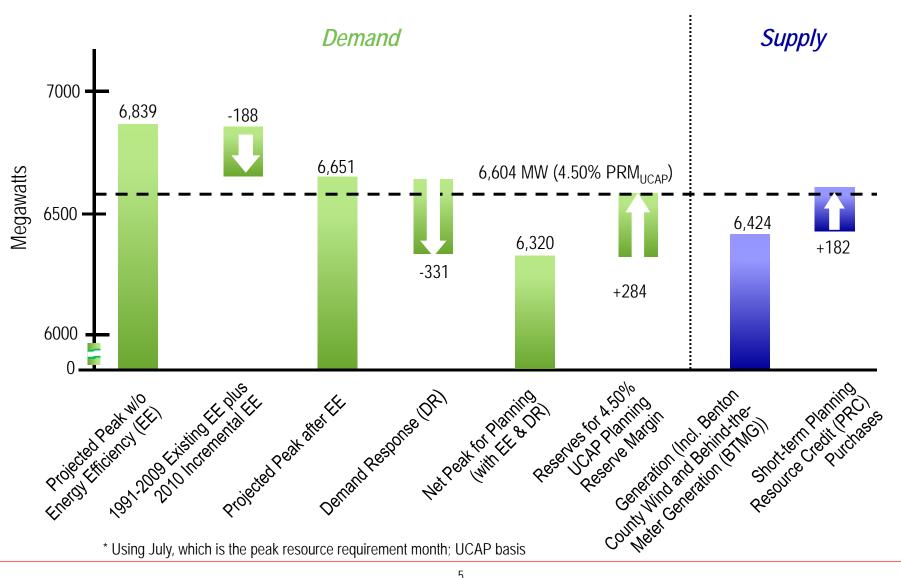
Weather Normalized Peak Load



^{*} Using July, which is the peak load month
** Peak load not reduced for 7 MW incremental EE for 2010



SUPPLY / DEMAND BALANCE FOR SUMMER 2010*



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GENERATION SYSTEM

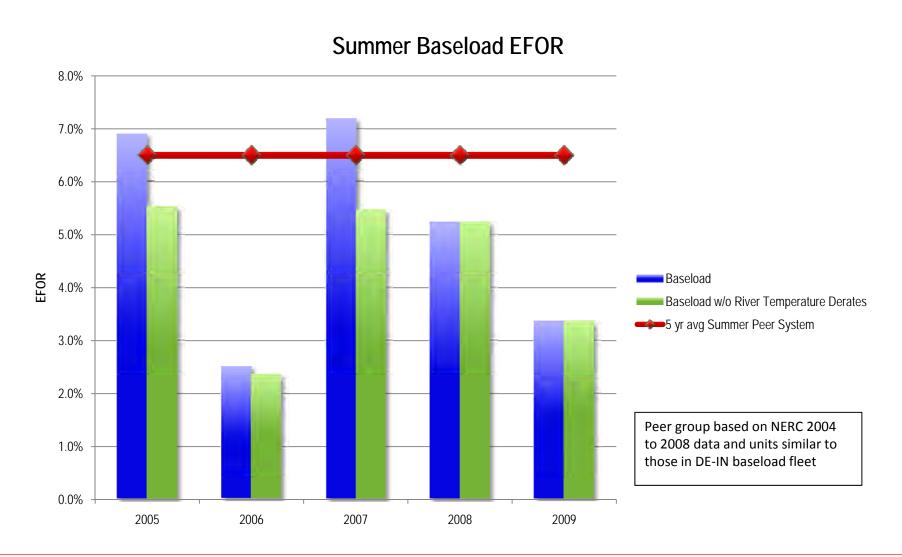


Gibson Station

- Over 47 weeks of maintenance outages were performed this spring
- All units are available this summer except:
 - Wabash River 2, 3, 5 due to NSR court order
 - Miami Wabash 4 (17 MW oil-fired peaker)
- Continued focus on:
 - Summer reliability
 - A program of "availability outages"
 - System-wide and plant-wide contingency planning



EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE (EFOR)





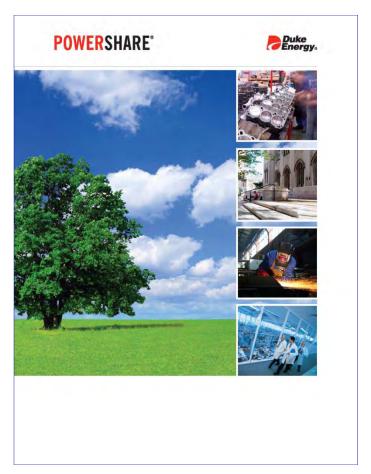
FORWARD PURCHASED CAPACITY AND ENERGY

- Current on-system reserve margin is below the Midwest ISO Resource Adequacy Requirement of 4.50% on a UCAP basis
 - Short-term Planning Resource Credit (PRC) purchases of 182 MW for July August were made to comply with the requirement
- Financial swaps will also be used to hedge against wholesale market price volatility
- 100 MW PPA with Benton County Wind Farm (20-year agreement)
 - Midwest ISO only gives 8% capacity credit toward Resource Adequacy Requirement for wind resources





ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND DEMAND RESPONSE PROGRAMS



PowerShare® Brochure

- From 1991 through 2010, Energy Efficiency (*i.e.*, conservation) programs have achieved:
 - Approximately 188 MW of annual peak demand reductions
 - Over 760,925 MWh annual energy reductions
- 2010 projected Demand Response reductions in July (adjusted for losses):
 - Special contracts (e.g., interruptible)184 MW
 - PowerShare®
 - Call (customer contractual commitment)

Demand Resources	(DR)	113 MW
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Behind-the-Meter Gen. (BTMG)4 MW

Quote (voluntary, yet compensated)* 28 MW

Power Manager – direct load control 34 MW

^{*} Due to its voluntary nature, Quote cannot be counted for Midwest ISO Resource Adequacy



EXISTING DSM PROGRAMS

- DE-IN already has a wide range of existing programs:
 - Home Energy House Call*
 - Low Income Weatherization*
 - Smart \$aver® C&I*/**
 - Low Income Refrigerator
 Replacement**
 - Smart \$aver® Residential HVAC**
 - FNFRGY STAR®**
 - Power Manager**
- 2010 will be a transition period until Third Party Administrator is in place



^{*} Programs that will transition to Core Programs under Third Party Administrator in 1st Q 2011

^{**} Core Plus Programs



TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM



Plainfield West Substation Construction – April 2010

- \$141 M in long-term T&D investments for load growth and system enhancements
 - Dresser 345/138 kV bank addition
 - Indiana Arsenal to Clark Maritime Center new 138 kV circuit
 - Pleasant Grove Seymour 138 kV reconductor
 - Plainfield West substation
 - Highland Park upgrade
 - Westfield Ditch Rd new transformer
 - Noblesville Southwest new transformer
 - Hortonville Capacitor Bank



ONGOING INITIATIVES TO SERVE CUSTOMERS

- Edwardsport IGCC
- SmartGrid
- Energy Efficiency
- Project Plug-IN



Duke Energy SmartGrid Envision Center



CHALLENGES FOR SUMMER 2010 AND BEYOND – OVERVIEW

- Planning for tightening environmental requirements
- Integrating renewables in an uncertain regulatory environment
 - Net Metering
 - Renewable Energy Standards

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PLANNING FOR TIGHTENING ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS



Cayuga Generating Station with New FGDs

- Uncertainty regarding scope/timing of ultimate requirements
- DE-IN continues to evaluate potential equipment requirements
- 2009 IRP included some assumptions of tighter requirements – Results reflected expected trends including:
 - Large units may need FGDs & SCRs
 - Intermediate-sized units may need Fabric Filters w/ Activated Carbon Injection
 - Smaller, older coal units are more likely to be retired
- DE-IN already has or is implementing dry flyash handling for some units
 - Studies are underway for other units



INTEGRATING RENEWABLES – NET METERING

- 74 total customers currently
 - 14 schools, 47 residential, 13 commercial
 - 209 kW solar, 70 kW wind

Tariff

- Residential, Small Commercial, Schools with <10 kW generation
- Case-by-case discretion for other classes / sizes
- Photovoltaic, wind, low head hydro
- Customer's generation must be intended primarily to offset part or all of customer's load



2 kW Solar Installation in Evergreen Village, Bloomington, IN

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INTEGRATING RENEWABLES – POTENTIAL RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARDS



Markland Hydro Generating Station

- Potential Federal or State requirements
 - Ultimate targets of 15-20%
 - Wind, solar, biomass, landfill gas, incremental hydropower, and energy efficiency
 - Out-of-state resources receive <100% credit in IN legislative bills
 - Allow alternative compliance options
- DE-IN Planning Philosophy
 - Concentrate on cost-effective resources located in Indiana
 - Examples: Benton County Wind, Markland Hydro upgrade
 - Maintain good relationships with wind developers; ongoing review of development landscape
 - Investigating biomass co-firing in our units, leveraging off experience in Carolinas
 - Continue to study as part of the IRP process



CONCLUSION



Duke Energy Indiana is prepared with adequate resources and infrastructure to meet its customers' needs during summer 2010.